INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 SEPTEMBER 2022



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REPORT ON REVIEW OF THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF BAHRAIN COMMERCIAL FACILITIES COMPANY B.S.C.

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements of Bahrain Commercial Facilities Company B.S.C. ("the Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively, "the Group") as at 30 September 2022 comprising of the interim consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 September 2022 and the related interim consolidated statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the three and nine month periods then ended and the interim consolidated statements of changes in equity and cash flows for the nine-month period then ended and explanatory notes. The Board of Directors of the Group is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 (IAS 34) "Interim Financial Reporting". Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these interim condensed consolidated financial statements based on our review.

Scope of review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently, does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements are not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with IAS 34.

25 October 2022

Manama, Kingdom of Bahrain

Ernst + Young

Bahrain Commercial Facilities Company B.S.C. INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION At 30 September 2022

		(Reviewed) September 2022 BD '000	(Audited) 31 December 2021 BD '000
ASSETS			
Cash and balances with banks Loans and advances to customers Trade receivables Inventories Investment properties Property and equipment Other assets	5 6 7	33,962 206,069 3,314 17,473 10,574 24,676 5,956	28,354 229,325 3,569 11,479 10,787 24,945 2,442
TOTAL ASSETS		302,024	310,901
LIABILITIES Trade and other payables Bank term loans	-	18,769 145,738	19,484 156,497
TOTAL LIABILITIES		164,507	175,981
EQUITY Share capital Treasury shares Statutory reserve Share premium Other reserves Retained earnings		20,419 (599) 10,210 25,292 29,844 52,351	20,419 (599) 10,210 25,292 25,190 54,408
TOTAL EQUITY	-	137,517	134,920
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	=	302,024	310,901

AbdulRahman Yusuf Fakhro Chairman

Dr. AbdulRahman Ali Saif Vice Chairman

Abdulla Abdulrazaq Bukhowa Chief Executive Officer

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

For the nine months ended 30 September 2022

	(Reviewed) (Reviewed) Nine months ended 30 September		(Reviewed) Three mon 30 Sep	(Reviewed) ths ended tember
	2022 BD '000	2021 BD '000	2022 BD '000	2021 BD '000
Interest income	19,382	21,794	6,105	6,962
Interest expense	(5,695)	(6,775)	(2,037)	(2,086)
Net interest income	13,687	15,019	4,068	4,876
Automotive revenue	30,510	31,320	12,307	12,107
Cost of sales	(25,537)	(26,913)	(10,479)	(10,214)
Gross profit on automotive revenue	4,973	4,407	1,828	1,893
Fee and commission income	3,994	4,640	1,379	1,657
Profit from sale of real estate inventory	41	130	-	17
Rental and evaluation income	398	451	133	137
Total operating income	23,093	24,647	7,408	8,580
Other income	469	762	218	370
Salaries and related costs	(5,495)	(5,838)	(1,710)	(2,016)
Operating expenses	(8,094)	(7,436)	(2,674)	(2,611)
Profit before allowance on financial instruments	9,973	12,135	3,242	4,323
Allowance on loans and				
receivables, net of recoveries	(6,344)	(9,000)	(3,992)	(3,596)
Profit/ (Loss) for the period	3,629	3,135	(750)	727
Basic and diluted earnings per 100 fils share	18 fils	16 fils	(4 fils)	4 fils

AbdulRahman Yusuf Fakhro Dr. AbdulRahman Ali Saif

Chairman

Vice Chairman

Abdulla Abdulrazaq Bukhowa Chief Executive Officer

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME For the nine months ended 30 September 2022

	(Reviewed)	(Reviewed)	(Reviewed)	(Reviewed)	
	Nine mon	ths ended	Three months ended		
	30 Sep	tember	30 Sep	otember	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	
Duefit (() and) for the marind	0.000	0.405	(750)	707	
Profit / (Loss) for the period	3,629	3,135	(750)	727	
Other comprehensive income: Items that are or may be reclassified to profit or loss					
Net change in cash flow hedge reserve	4,206	2,419	1,476	476	
Total comprehensive income for the period	7,835	5,554	726	1,203	

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the nine months ended 30 September 2022

(Reviewed)

					(Nevieweu)				
	Share o	capital				nd retained e	arnings		
						her reserves			
					Cash flow				
	Share Capital BD '000	Treasury shares BD '000	Statutory reserve BD '000	Share Premium BD '000	hedge reserve BD '000	Donation reserve BD '000	General reserve BD '000	Retained earnings BD '000	Total equity BD '000
As at 1 January 2022	20,419	(599)	10,210	25,292	(2,113)	303	27,000	54,408	134,920
2021 appropriations (approved by shareholders):									
Donations approved (note 10)Dividend to equity holders declared	-	-	-	-	-	150	-	(150)	-
and paid (note 10)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(5,036)	(5,036)
- Transfer to general reserve (note 10)	-	-	-	-	-	-	500	(500)	-
Balance after 2021									
appropriations	20,419	(599)	10,210	25,292	(2,113)	453	27,500	48,722	129,884
Comprehensive income for the period:									
Profit for the period Other comprehensive income: - Net change in cash flow	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,629	3,629
hedge reserve	-	-	-	-	4,206	-	-	-	4,206
•	20,419	(599)	10,210	25,292	2,093	453	27,500	52,351	137,719
Utilisation of donation reserve					_	(202)		_	(202)
At 30 September 2022	20,419	(599)	10,210	25,292	2,093	251	27,500	52,351	137,517

The attached notes 1 to 13 form part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the nine months ended 30 September 2022

					(Reviewed)				
	Share o	Share capital			Reserves and retained earnings				
					0	ther reserves		_	
					Cash flow		_		
	Share	Treasury	Statutory	Share	hedge	Donation	General	Retained	Total
	Capital	shares	reserve	Premium	reserve	reserve	reserve	earnings	equity
	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000
As at 1 January 2021	20,419	(599)	10,210	25,292	(5,445)	529	27,000	48,227	125,633
Comprehensive income for the period:									
Profit for the period Other comprehensive income:	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,135	3,135
- Net change in cash flow					0.440				0.440
hedge reserve	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		-	2,419	<u> </u>		-	2,419
	20,419	(599)	10,210	25,292	(3,026)	529	27,000	51,362	131,187
Utilisation of donation reserve		-				(217)	-	-	(217)
As at 30 September 2021	20,419	(599)	10,210	25,292	(3,026)	312	27,000	51,362	130,970

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the nine months ended 30 September 2022

	(Reviewed) (Reviewed		
	Nine months ended		
	30 September		
	2022	2021	
	BD '000	BD '000	
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Loan repayments, interest received and			
other credit related receipts	164,217	164,592	
Cash receipts from automotive sales	30,741	32,638	
Insurance commission received	440	573	
Proceeds from sale of real estate inventory	976	1,617	
Rental and evaluation income received	472	513	
Loans and advances to customers	(124,295)	(118,554)	
Payments to suppliers	(29,590)	(25,370)	
Payments for operating expenses	(13,435)	(10,174)	
Directors' remunerations paid	(330)	(219)	
Interest paid	(5,516)	(6,712)	
Net cash generated from operating activities	23,680	38,904	
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Capital expenditure on property and equipment	(2,974)	(1,450)	
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment	1,102	734	
Proceeds from sale of investment properties		1,200	
Fixed deposit held with banks	(8,500)	(6,600)	
Net cash used in investing activities	(10,372)	(6,116)	
•	,	(, ,	
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Bank term loans availed	21,007	2,000	
Bank term loans paid	(31,981)	(33,486)	
Dividends paid	(5,036)	(14)	
Government grant received	· -	347	
Donations paid	(202)	(217)	
Net cash used in financing activities	(16,212)	(31,370)	
NET (DECREASE) / INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(2,904)	1,418	
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January	28,301	25,435	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT 30 September	25,397	26,853	
Out of the four indicates and in			
Cash and cash equivalents comprise:	00.000	00.050	
Cash and balances with banks	33,962	33,652	
Less:	(a=)	(100)	
Restricted cash	(65)	(199)	
Fixed deposit held with banks	(8,500)	(6,600)	
	25,397	26,853	

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At 30 September 2022

1 REPORTING ENTITY

Bahrain Commercial Facilities Company B.S.C. (the "Company") is a public shareholding company incorporated and registered in the Kingdom of Bahrain. It provides short-term, medium-term, long-term loans and issue credit cards. Effective 26 June 2005, the Company became licensed and regulated by the Central Bank of Bahrain ("CBB"). This financial information is the reviewed interim condensed consolidated financial statements (the "interim condensed consolidated financial statements") of the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the "Group") for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2022.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group are prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard IAS 34, Interim Financial Reporting ("IAS 34"). The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021 were prepared in accordance with IFRS as modified by CBB as the comparative information included in these consolidated financial statements were reported in accordance with the framework. The transition from "IFRS modified by CBB" to IAS 34 and IFRS as issued by IASB has not resulted in any material changes to the previously reported numbers in the consolidated balance sheet as of 1 January 2020, 31 December 2020 and 2021, and the consolidated income statement for the year ended 31 December 2021.

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with applicable rules and regulations issued by the Central Bank of Bahrain ("CBB"). These rules and regulations require the application of all International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements are reviewed, not audited. They do not include all of the information required for a complete set of IFRS financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the Group's last audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021. However, selected explanatory notes are included to explain events and transactions that are significant to an understanding of the changes in the Group's financial position and performance since the last annual consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2021.

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1 New standards, interpretations and amendments adopted by the Group

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the Group's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021, except for adoption of new standards or certain amendments to existing standards that have become applicable to the Group effective from 1 January 2022. The Group has not early adopted any standard, interpretation or amendment that has been issued but is not yet effective.

Several amendments and interpretations apply for the first time in 2022, but do not have any impact on the interim condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group.

3.1.1 Onerous Contracts – Costs of Fulfilling a Contract – Amendments to IAS 37

An onerous contract is a contract under which the unavoidable costs (i.e., the costs that the Group cannot avoid because it has the contract) of meeting the obligations under the contract exceed the economic benefits expected to be received under it.

The amendments specify that when assessing whether a contract is onerous or loss-making, an entity needs to include costs that relate directly to a contract to provide goods or services include both incremental costs (e.g., the costs of direct labour and materials) and an allocation of costs directly related to contract activities (e.g., depreciation of equipment used to fulfil the contract as well as costs of contract management and supervision). General and administrative costs do not relate directly to a contract and are excluded unless they are explicitly chargeable to the counterparty under the contract.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At 30 September 2022

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.1 New standards, interpretations and amendments adopted by the Group (continued)

3.1.1 Onerous Contracts - Costs of Fulfilling a Contract - Amendments to IAS 37 (continued)

The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022. The amendments did not have any impact on the interim condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group.

3.1.2 Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use - Amendments to IAS 16

In May 2020, the IASB issued Property, Plant and Equipment — Proceeds before Intended Use, which prohibits entities deducting from the cost of an item of property, plant and equipment, any proceeds from selling items produced while bringing that asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Instead, an entity recognises the proceeds from selling such items, and the costs of producing those items, in profit or loss.

The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022. The amendments did not have any impact on the interim condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group.

3.1.3 Reference to the Conceptual Framework - Amendments to IFRS 3

In May 2020, the IASB issued Amendments to IFRS 3 Business Combinations - Reference to the Conceptual Framework. The amendments are intended to replace a reference to the Framework for the Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements, issued in 1989, with a reference to the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting issued in March 2018 without significantly changing its requirements.

The Board also added an exception to the recognition principle of IFRS 3 to avoid the issue of potential 'day 2' gains or losses arising for liabilities and contingent liabilities that would be within the scope of IAS 37 or IFRIC 21 Levies, if incurred separately.

At the same time, the Board decided to clarify existing guidance in IFRS 3 for contingent assets that would not be affected by replacing the reference to the Framework for the Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements.

The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022. The amendments did not have any impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

3.1.4 IFRS 1 First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards – Subsidiary as a first-time adopter

The amendment permits a subsidiary that elects to apply paragraph D16(a) of IFRS 1 to measure cumulative translation differences using the amounts reported in the parent's consolidated financial statements, based on the parent's date of transition to IFRS, if no adjustments were made for consolidation procedures and for the effects of the business combination in which the parent acquired the subsidiary. This amendment is also applied to an associate or joint venture that elects to apply paragraph D16(a) of IFRS 1.

The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022. The amendments did not have any impact on the interim condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At 30 September 2022

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.1 New standards, interpretations and amendments adopted by the Group (continued)

3.1.5 IFRS 9 Financial Instruments – Fees in the '10 per cent' test for derecognition of financial liabilities

As part of its 2018-2020 annual improvements to IFRS standards process, the IASB issued amendment to IFRS 9. The amendment clarifies the fees that an entity includes when assessing whether the terms of a new or modified financial liability are substantially different from the terms of the original financial liability. These fees include only those paid or received by the borrower and the lender, including fees paid or received by either the borrower or lender on the other's behalf. An entity applies the amendment to financial liabilities that are modified or exchanged on or after the beginning of the annual reporting period in which the entity first applies the amendment.

The amendment is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022 with earlier adoption permitted. The Group has applied the amendments to financial liabilities that are modified or exchanged on or after the beginning of the annual reporting period in which the amendment is applied.

The amendments did not have any impact on the interim condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group.

3.2 New standards, interpretations and amendments issued but not yet effective

3.2.1 IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts

In May 2017, the IASB issued IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts (IFRS 17), a comprehensive new accounting standard for insurance contracts covering recognition and measurement, presentation and disclosure. Once effective, IFRS 17 will replace IFRS 4 Insurance Contracts (IFRS 4) that was issued in 2005. IFRS 17 applies to all types of insurance contracts (i.e., life, non-life, direct insurance and reinsurance), regardless of the type of entities that issue them, as well as to certain guarantees and financial instruments with discretionary participation features. A few scope exceptions will apply. The overall objective of IFRS 17 is to provide an accounting model for insurance contracts that is more useful and consistent for insurers. In contrast to the requirements in IFRS 4, which are largely based on grandfathering previous local accounting policies, IFRS 17 provides a comprehensive model for insurance contracts, covering all relevant accounting aspects. The core of IFRS 17 is the general model, supplemented by:

- A specific adaptation for contracts with direct participation features (the variable fee approach); and
- A simplified approach (the premium allocation approach) mainly for short-duration contracts.

IFRS 17 is effective for reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023, with comparative figures required. Early application is permitted, provided the entity also applies IFRS 9 and IFRS 15 on or before the date it first applies IFRS 17. This standard is not applicable to the Group.

4 USE OF JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

Preparation of interim condensed consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The areas of significant judgments made by management in applying the Group's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same as those applied to the last audited consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2021. However, the process of making the required estimates and assumptions involved further challenges due to the prevailing uncertainties arising from COVID-19 and required use of management judgements.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At 30 September 2022

4 USE OF JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (continued)

Expected credit Losses

In relation to COVID-19, judgements and assumptions include the extent of the pandemic impact, and the responses of businesses and consumers in different industries, along with the associated impact on the global economy. Accordingly, the Group's ECL estimates are based on judgement and, as a result, actual results may differ from these estimates.

Significant increase in credit risk (SICR)

Judgement is involved in setting the rules and trigger points to determine whether there has been a SICR since initial recognition of a financing facility, which would result in the financial asset moving from 'stage 1' to 'stage 2'. The Group continues to assess borrowers for other indicators of unlikeliness to pay, taking into consideration the underlying cause of any financial difficulty and whether it is likely to be temporary as a result of COVID-19 or longer term.

In accordance with the CBB relief measures, the Group has granted a total of 6 months loan deferral to its eligible customers, with fees and interest till 30 June 2022. The Group considers both qualitative and quantitative information in the assessment of significant increase in credit risk.

Reasonableness of forward-looking information

Judgement is involved in determining which forward looking information variables are relevant for particular financing portfolios and for determining the sensitivity of the parameters to movements in these forward-looking variables.

Due to macro economic variables being not statistically acceptable, the Group has used Vasicek-Merton single factor model for conversion of TTC PD to PIT PD instead of the regression methodology as per the Group's approved policy. Vasicek Based Analysis method has been used to forecast the forward-looking PIT PDs by developing composite index oil price as macro-economic variables. The market oil price for base scenario has been considered.

Probability weights

Management Judgement is involved in determining the probability weighting of each scenario considering the risks and uncertainties surrounding the base case scenario. The Group realigned the scenario weighting to its internal policies post the cessation of the 6 months loan deferral ended 30 June 2022.

As with any economic forecasts, the projections and likelihoods of the occurrence are subject to a high degree of inherent uncertainty and therefore the actual outcomes may be significantly different to those projected.

5 LOANS AND ADVANCES TO CUSTOMERS

(a) Exposure by staging

	30 September 2022 (Reviewed)				
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total	
	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	
Loans and advances Less: expected credit loss	149,963	44,811	45,660	240,434	
	(4,499)	(8,142)	(21,724)	(34,365)	
Loans and advances	145,464	36,669	23,936	206,069	

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At 30 September 2022

5 LOANS AND ADVANCES TO CUSTOMERS (continued)

(a) Exposure by staging (continued)

	31 December 2021					
	(Audited)					
	Stage 1 Stage 2 Stage 3					
	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000		
Loans and advances	130,236	88,248	44,631	263,115		
Less: expected credit loss	(3,912)	(7,201)	(22,677)	(33,790)		
Loans and advances	126,324	81,047	21,954	229,325		

During the period, the Group has recorded total recoveries of BD 1,889 thousand (2021: BD 1,735 thousand) from the loans previously written off.

(b) Expected credit loss movement

			(Reviewed)		
			Stage 3	Stage 3	
			Collectively	Specifically	
	Stage 1 BD '000	Stage 2 BD '000	assessed BD '000	assessed BD '000	Total BD '000
2022	BD 000	BD 000	BD 000	BD 000	<i>BD</i> 000
Expected credit loss					
at 1 January 2022	3,912	7,201	18,843	3,834	33,790
Net transfer between stages	2,775	(3,017)	242	-	-
Net (reversal) / charge					
for the period	(2,188)	3,958	6,226	201	8,197
Write off during the period	-	-	(6,702)	(920)	(7,622)
Expected credit loss					
at 30 September 2022	4,499	8,142	18,609	3,115	34,365
			(Audited)	-	
			Stage 3	Stage 3	
			Collectively	Specifically	
	Stage 1	Stage 2	assessed	assessed	Total
2021	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000
Expected credit loss					
at 1 January 2021	5,668	5,522	20,404	3,103	34,697
Net transfer between stages	(1,000)	627	(176)	549	-
Net (reversal) / charge					
for the year	(756)	1,052	12,149	395	12,840
Write off during the year	-	-	(13,534)	(213)	(13,747)
Expected credit loss					
at 31 December 2021	3,912	7,201	18,843	3,834	33,790

Bahrain Commercial Facilities Company B.S.C. NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At 30 September 2022

6 TRADE RECEIVABLES

	(Reviewed) 30 September 2022 BD '000	(Audited) 31 December 2021 BD '000
Trade receivables Less: expected credit loss	5,346 (2,032)	5,608 (2,039)
	3,314	3,569
Expected credit loss movement	(Reviewed) 30 September	(Audited) 31 December
	2022 BD '000	2021 BD '000
At beginning of the period / year Charge for the period / year Write off during the period / year	2,039 36 (43)	1,726 391 (78)
At end of the period / year	2,032	2,039
7 INVENTORIES		
	(Reviewed) 30 September 2022 BD '000	(Audited) 31 December 2021 BD '000
Automotive stock: -Vehicles -Spare parts Real Estate inventory	9,272 6,450 2,475	3,030 5,875 3,325
	18,197	12,230
Provision on vehicles and spare parts	(724)	(751)
	17,473	11,479
Movement on provisions (vehicles and spare parts)	(Reviewed) 2022 BD '000	(Audited) 2021 BD '000
At beginning of the period / year Net charge for the period / year Utilisation	751 44 (71)	1,070 123 (442)
At end of the period / year	724	751

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At 30 September 2022

8 OTHER ASSETS

	(Reviewed) 30 September 2022 BD '000	(Audited) 31 December 2021 BD '000
Derivative financial instruments	2,144	-
Advance to suppliers	1,328	1,385
Prepaid expenses	1,413	679
VAT receivables	760	52
Others	311	326
	5,956	2,442

9 TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

Related parties comprise major shareholders, directors, and key management personnel of the Company and entities owned or controlled, jointly controlled or significantly influenced by them and companies affiliated by virtue of shareholding in common with that of the Company.

The Company's major shareholders are Social Insurance Organisation, Bank of Bahrain and Kuwait B.S.C. and National Bank of Bahrain B.S.C with holdings of 30.9%, 23.0% and 11.2% respectively of the Company's share capital at 30 September 2022. The Group has banking relationships and obtains term borrowings and has unutilised credit facilities with certain of its shareholder banks (Bank of Bahrain and Kuwait and National Bank of Bahrain). All such transactions are in the ordinary course of business and on terms agreed between the parties.

	(Reviewed)	(Audited)
	30 September	31 December
	2022	2021
	BD '000	BD '000
Shareholders:		
Bank term loans	20,099	29,753
Bank balance	3,925	1,129
	(Reviewed)	(Reviewed)
	30 September	,
	2022	2021
	BD '000	BD '000
Interest expense	775	1,143

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At 30 September 2022

9 TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES (continued)

Key management personnel:

Transactions with related parties are transactions with key management personnel or their direct family members.

Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group. The key management personnel comprise members of the Board of Directors, Managing Director, Chief Executive Officer, Deputy Chief Executive Officer, approved personnel by the CBB and the General Managers.

	(Reviewed)	(Reviewed)
	30 September	30 September
	2022	2021
	BD '000	BD '000
Salaries and short-term employee benefits	1,207	1,249
Directors remuneration and attendance fees	470	504
Sales, service and lease of vehicles	84	69
Purchase of material and services	-	6
Loan and advances*	757	1,075

^{*}The Company has allowance of BD 175 thousand (2021: BD 184 thousand) for impairment losses on loans and advances with related parties.

10 APPROPRIATIONS

At the Annual General Meeting held on 29 March 2022, the appropriations were approved by the shareholders for 2021 and effected the current period. The approved appropriations include transfer to general reserve of BD 500 thousand, transfer to donations reserve of BD 150 thousand and cash dividend of BD 5.036 thousand.

11 OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

	Revenue		Profit / (loss)	
	Nine months	Nine months	Nine months	Nine months
	ended 30	ended 30	ended 30	ended 30
	September	September	September	September
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	(Reviewed)	(Reviewed)	(Reviewed)	(Reviewed)
	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000
Consumer finance	22,945	25,909	2,055	2,070
Automotive	30,538	31,330	1,774	946
Insurance	403	515	6	104
Real estate	1,290	2,152	(206)	15
	55,176	59,906	3,629	3,135

Majority of the Group's assets and liabilities are concentrated in the lending and automotive segments. Total assets as of 30 September 2022 amounted to BD 241,947 thousand and BD 46,754 thousand (31 December 2021: BD 251,926 thousand and BD 44,233 thousand) and total liabilities amounted to BD 155,190 thousand and BD 8,915 thousand (31 December 2021: BD 168,026 thousand and BD 7,300 thousand) in the lending and automotive segments respectively.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At 30 September 2022

12 FAIR VALUE

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date in the principal, or in its absence, the most advantageous market to which the Group has access at that date. The fair value of a liability reflects its non-performance risk.

Underlying the definition of fair value is a presumption that an enterprise is a going concern without any intention or need to liquidate, curtail materially the scale of its operations or undertake a transaction on adverse terms.

The Group's financial assets are classified and measured at amortised cost. The Group's financial liabilities are classified and measured at amortised cost except for derivatives which are classified and measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Fair value hierarchy

The Group measures fair values of financial instruments using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements.

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Valuation techniques based on observable inputs, either directly (i.e. ask prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices). This category includes instruments valued using quoted market prices in active markets for similar instruments; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are considered less than active; or other valuation techniques where all significant inputs are directly observable from market data.

Level 3: Valuation techniques using significant unobservable inputs. This category includes instruments where the valuation technique includes inputs not based on market observable data.

(i) Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value

The fair value of the derivatives, which are not exchange traded, is estimated at the amount the Group would receive or pay to terminate the contract at the reporting date taking into account current market conditions and the current credit worthiness of the counterparties. The Group's exposure to derivatives are categorised under Level 2.

(ii) Financial assets and liabilities not measured at fair value

The following tables set out the fair values of financial instruments not measured at fair value and analyses them by the level in the fair value hierarchy into which each fair value measurement is categorised:

30 September 2022 (Reviewed)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Fair value	Carrying value
(iteviewed)					
	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000
Loans and advances					
to customers	-	-	206,069	206,069	206,069
Bank term loans	-	-	145,738	145,738	145,738
					Carrying
31 December 2021 (Audited)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Fair value	value
	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000
Loans and advances					
to customers	-	-	229,325	229,325	229,325
Bank term loans	-	-	156,497	156,497	156,497

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At 30 September 2022

12 FAIR VALUE (continued)

(ii) Financial assets and liabilities not measured at fair value (continued)

In the case of loans and advances to customers, the average interest rate of the loan portfolio is in line with current market rates for similar facilities and hence after consideration of adjustment for prepayment risk and impairment charges it is expected that the carrying value would not be materially different to fair value of these assets.

The fair value of bank term loans approximate their carrying value since they are at floating interest rates. The fair values of all other financial instruments approximated their respective book values due to their short-term nature.

13 COMPARATIVES

Certain comparative figures have been regrouped to conform to the current period's presentation. Such regrouping did not affect previously reported profit, comprehensive income for the period or total equity.